1 2 HONORABLE RICHARD A. JONES 3 4 5 6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 8 AT SEATTLE 9 10 11 ANDRIA C. HOUGHTON, CASE NO. 2:16-cv-01186-RAJ 12 Plaintiff, 13 **ORDER** VS. 14 THE HARTFORD LIFE AND ACCIDENT 15 INSURANCE COMPANY; 16 Defendant. 17 18 19 20 This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff's Motion to Withdraw the Motion 21 to Reinstate Plaintiff's case without prejudice for plaintiff filing a motion for attorney's 22 23 fees under ERISA, 29 U.S. C. §1132(g)(1). Dkt. #32. Defendant does not oppose the 24 withdrawing of the motion to reinstate Plaintiff's case but does oppose Plaintiff's request 25 for attorney's fees. Dkt. # 34. 26 The Court agrees with both parties that Plaintiff's motion should be granted with

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regard to withdrawing the motion to reinstate Plaintiff's case. Therefore, the remaining issue is whether Plaintiff may collect attorney's fees.

In cases such as this, ERISA grants Courts discretion to award attorney's fees to parties who prevail on the merits. 29 U.S.C. § 1132(g). The parties disagree on this initial point—whether Plaintiff has prevailed on the merits. Dkt. ## 34 at 2-3, 36. However, even if Plaintiff is considered to have prevailed, Defendant argues that the *Hummell* factors suggest that an award of fees is not appropriate. Dkt. # 34 at 3.

In *Hummell*, the Ninth Circuit instituted guidelines for courts to apply when exercising discretion under section 1132(g). *Hummell v. S. E. Rykoff & Co.*, 634 F.2d 446, 453 (9th Cir. 1980). The Ninth Circuit determined that courts should consider, among other factors, "(1) the degree of the opposing parties' culpability or bad faith; (2) the ability of the opposing parties to satisfy an award of fees; (3) whether an award of fees against the opposing parties would deter others from acting under similar circumstances; (4) whether the parties requesting fees sought to benefit all participants and beneficiaries of an ERISA plan or to resolve a significant legal question regarding ERISA; and (5) the relative merits of the parties' positions." *Id.* Though the Court agrees that Plaintiff should not have had to resort to filing a motion in federal court before receiving Defendant's determination, the Court finds that the *Hummell* factors in this case weigh in favor of Defendant. Accordingly, the Court **DENIES** Plaintiff's request for leave to seek attorney's fees.

Therefore, the Court **GRANTS** the motion to withdraw and **DENIES** the request for attorney's fees. Dkt. # 32. The motion to reopen this case is withdrawn. Dkt. # 26.

The Court further **GRANTS** Plaintiff's motion to file an amended exhibit. Dkt. # 31. Dated this 30th day of May, 2018. Richard A Jones The Honorable Richard A. Jones United States District Judge